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GENERAL INFORMATION SYSTEM

DIVISION: Office of Health Insurance Programs

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TO: Local District Commissioners, Medicaid Directors, Medicaid Managed Care Coordinators

FROM: Jason A. Helgerson, Medicaid Director, Office of Health Insurance Programs

SUBJECT: Changes to the Regulations for the Personal Care Services Program (PCS) and the

Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Program (CDPAP)

EFFECTIVE DATE: Immediately

CONTACT: State Plan Services (518) 474-5888

The purpose of this General Information System message is to inform local departments of social services (LDSS)eligibility and managed care staff of revisions to the Personal Care Services (PCS) and Consumer Directed Personal Assistance (CDPA) regulations at 18 NYCRR § 505.14 and 18 NYCRR § 505.28, respectively. These revised regulations were effective on December 23, 2015.

These changes to the PCS and CDPA regulations include, among other provisions, changes to the definitions and eligibility requirements for continuous ("split-shift") PCS and CDPA as well as live-in 24-hour PCS and CDPA. Consequently, LDSS workers must be aware of, and apply, effective immediately, the revised definitions and eligibility requirements when conducting PCA and CDPA assessments and reassessments. In addition, the revised regulations set forth revised criteria for notices that deny, reduce or discontinue these services. See the attached detailed summary of these changes and the Notice of Adoption, as published in the New York State Register on December 23, 2015.

Regulatory changes for PCS and CDPA include:

- 1. The definitions of "some assistance" and "total assistance" are repealed in their entirety. This means, in part, that a "total assistance" need with certain activities of daily living is no longer an eligibility requirement for continuous personal care services or continuous consumer directed personal assistance.
- "Turning and positioning" is added as a specific Level II personal care function and as a CDPA function.
- 3. The definitions and eligibility requirements for "continuous personal care services," "live-in 24-hour personal care services," "continuous consumer directed personal assistance" and "live-in 24-hour consumer directed personal assistance" are revised as follows:
 - a. Continuous personal care services means the provision of uninterrupted care, by more than one personal care aide, for more than 16 hours in a calendar day for a patient who, because of the patient's medical condition, needs assistance during such calendar day with toileting, walking, transferring, turning and positioning, or feeding and needs assistance with such frequency that a live-in 24-hour personal care aide would be unlikely to obtain, on a regular basis, five hours daily of uninterrupted sleep during the aide's eight hour period of sleep.
 - Live-in 24-hour personal care services means the provision of care by one personal care aide for a patient who, because of the patient's medical condition, needs assistance during a calendar day with toileting, walking, transferring, turning and positioning, or feeding and whose need for assistance is sufficiently infrequent that a live-in 24-hour personal care aide would be likely to obtain, on a regular basis, five hours daily of uninterrupted sleep during the aide's eight hour period of sleep.

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c. Continuous consumer directed personal assistance means the provision of uninterrupted care, by more than one consumer directed personal assistant, for more than 16 hours in a calendar day for a consumer who, because of the consumer's medical condition, needs assistance during such calendar day with toileting, walking, transferring, turning and positioning, feeding, home health aide services, or skilled nursing tasks, and needs assistance with such frequency that a live-in 24-hour consumer directed personal assistant would be unlikely to obtain, on a regular basis, five hours daily of uninterrupted sleep during the aide's eight hour period of sleep.

- d. Live-in 24-hour consumer directed personal assistance means the provision of care by one consumer directed personal assistant for a consumer who, because of the consumer's medical condition, needs assistance during a calendar day with toileting, walking, transferring, turning and positioning, feeding, home health aide services, or skilled nursing tasks and whose need for assistance is sufficiently infrequent that a live-in 24-hour consumer directed personal assistant would be likely to obtain, on a regular basis, five hours daily of uninterrupted sleep during the aide's eight hour period of sleep.
- 4. Services shall not be authorized to the extent that the individual's need for assistance can be met by <u>voluntary</u> assistance from informal caregivers, by formal services other than the Medicaid program, or by adaptive or specialized equipment or supplies that can be provided safely and costeffectively.
- 5. The nursing assessment is no longer required to include an evaluation of the degree of assistance required for each function or task, since the definitions of "some assistance" and "total assistance" are repealed.
- 6. The nursing assessment in continuous personal care services and live-in 24-hour personal care services cases must document certain factors, such as whether the physician's order has documented a medical condition that causes the patient to need frequent assistance during a calendar day with toileting, walking, transferring, turning and positioning, or feeding. The regulations set forth other factors that nursing assessments must document in all continuous PCS and live-in 24-hour PCS cases. Similar requirements also apply in continuous consumer directed personal assistance and live-in 24-hour consumer directed personal assistance cases.
- 7. The social assessment in live-in 24-hour PCS and CDPA cases would have to evaluate whether the individual's home has sleeping accommodations for an aide. If not, continuous PCS or CDPA must be authorized; however, should the individual's circumstances change and sleeping accommodations for an aide become available in the individual's home, the case must be promptly reviewed. If a reduction of the continuous services to live-in 24-hour services is appropriate, timely and adequate notice of the proposed reduction must be sent to the individual.
- 8. The regulations also revise the Department's regulations governing the content of notices for denials, reductions or discontinuances of PCS and CDPA. In subparagraph 505.14(b)(5)(v), the provisions governing social services districts' notices to recipients for whom districts have determined to deny, reduce or discontinue PCS are revised and reorganized. Paragraph 505.28(h)(5) is amended to provide additional detail regarding the content of social services district notices when the district denies, reduces or discontinues CDPA. All districts must ensure that their notices denying, reducing or discontinuing PCS or CDPA are consistent with these regulations and, in particular, include the specific reason for the action and, if applicable, the clinical rationale.

All districts should ensure that their policies and procedures are appropriately and expeditiously updated to reflect these new requirements. If you have any questions, please email services@health.ny.gov.