

New York Independent Assessor

Process Overview for NYIA Initial Assessment Practitioner Order, Independent Review Panel and CHA Variance Process for Medicaid Managed Care Organizations

Webinar Logistics

- All participants will remain muted throughout the presentation.
- Questions during the presentation should be submitted through the Q&A function.
- The presentation portion of the webinar is being recorded and will be posted along with the slides on the Department of Health's (Department) Independent Assessor (IA) webpage.
- A question-and-answer period will be held at the end of the presentation. Panelists will be able to unmute themselves and ask questions.
- Questions will be answered as time permits. All questions, including those we are unable to answer during the webinar, will be included in FAQ documents.
- Answers provided to questions submitted during the webinar will be based on current information, and thus may not constitute a complete or final answer. FAQ documents will be posted on the Department's IA webpage.
- Additional questions may be submitted after the presentation to independent.assessor@health.ny.gov.



Operational Series Training Topics

- Process Overview of Initial Assessment for Medicaid Managed Care Organizations
- Process Overview for Initial Assessment Communication, Notices, Reports (includes UAS Data Exchange)
- NYIA PO, IRP & Assessment Variance Process
- Fair Hearing Roles & Responsibility
- Process Overview of Reassessments for Medicaid Managed Care Organizations
- Process Overview for Reassessment Communication, Notices, Reports (includes UAS Data Exchange)



Agenda

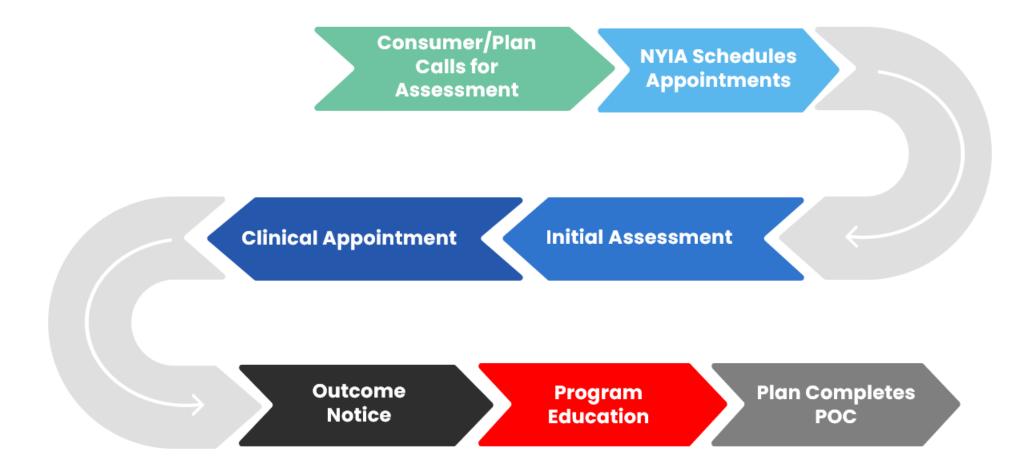
- Introduction & Overview
- Clinical Appointment Practitioner Form
- Plan of Care Development
 - Variance Review Process
 - Independent Review Panel
- Summary
- Resources



Introduction & Overview



Initial Assessment





Overview

This presentation provides an overview of how MMCOs and NYIA will interact during and after Initial Assessments for individuals seeking PCS and/or CDPAS and MLTC enrollment on the following:

- Clinical Appointment Practitioner Order
- CHA Variance Process
- Independent Review Panel



Initial Assessment – Clinical Appointment -IPP & the Practitioner Order



NYIA Independent Practitioner Panel (IPP)

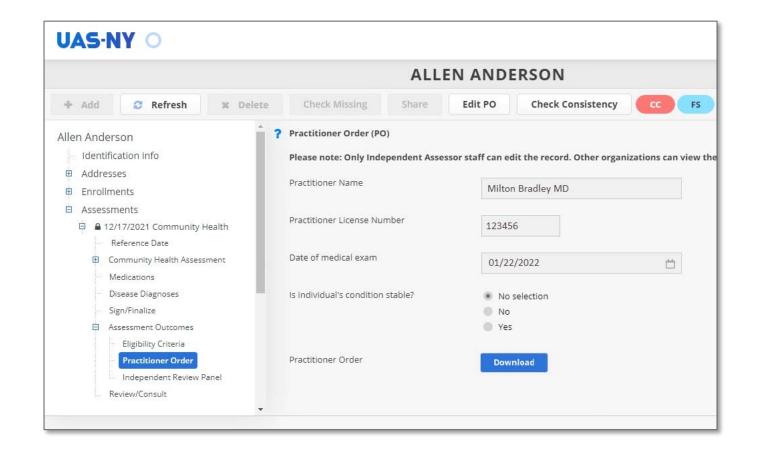
Clinical Appointment

- During the Clinical Appointment the IPP clinician will conduct a medical review and complete the Medical Review and Practitioner Order (PO) form.
- At the completion of the Clinical Appointment, the IPP will upload the PO form to the individual's record in the UAS-NY.



NYIA Independent Practitioner Panel (IPP)

- The MMCO can locate the completed PO form in the individual's record in the UAS-NY.
- The PO form and the CHA must be used to inform the development of an individual's Plan of Care by the MMCO. The MMCO will not do another CHA.





NYIA Independent Practitioner Panel (IPP)

The *Medical Review and Practitioner Order* form contains the following information:

- Individual's Identifying Information
- Community Health Assessment (CHA) Details
- Medical Review Summary
- Medical Professional's Certification



New York Independent Assessor New York Editor Assessment Program in cultiforation with New York Medicald Choice	Required to be authorization	Review and e completed by a of personal care s tance Services (CI	medical ervices (professional	
SECTION 1. INDIVIDUAL'S IDEI	NTIFYING INFO	ORMATION			
Individual's Name					
Medicaid CIN			Date of	Birth (MM/DD/	yyyy) ' /
Social Security Number		Telephone Numbe □ Landline □ M) _	
Address (No. and Street)		City		State	Zip Code
SECTION 2. COMMUNITY Medical Professional's Name	dal				MD, DO, NP, PA)
License #	Telephone Nur	nber	Da	ate of Exam (Mi	M/DD/YYYY)
Location of Medical Exam (check one) Individual's home Caregiver's home Hospital Nursing home Other (specify):				ty of Exam <i>(che</i> In-person Teleconference	,
Name, relationship to the individual and telep individual	phone number of ot	her people present a	t the time	of the medica	I exam to support the

Na	ame	Relationship Tel	ephone Number	
		()	-
Date	of CHA (MM/DD/YYYY)		/	_/
SEC	TION 3. MEDICAL REVIEW	ample		
JEC	TION 3. MEDICAL REVIEW			
		_		
1	Does the individual have the ability to	understand the benefits and risks of a		☐ YES
1.	•	_		☐ YES ☐ NO
1.	•	understand the benefits and risks of a		
	proposed treatment or have a designe	understand the benefits and risks of a	ernatives or	
2.	proposed treatment or have a designe	understand the benefits and risks of a e who is able to understand for them? evaluate treatment benefits, risks, and alt	ernatives or	□ NO □ YES □ NO
	proposed treatment or have a designed proposed treatment or have a designed proposed the individual have the ability to have a designed who is able to evaluate	understand the benefits and risks of a e who is able to understand for them? evaluate treatment benefits, risks, and alt		□ NO □ YES



4. A) Is the individual capable of making choices about their activities of daily living, and can they understand the impact of those choices and assume responsibility for the results? ☐ YES □ NO If YES, continue to Question 4B; if NO, continue to Question 5. B) Is the individual capable of managing their Plan of Care and instructing, supervising, managing and directing a home care worker? 5. List any tasks, treatments, or therapies currently received or required by the individual Does the individual require assistance with, or provision of, skilled tasks (e.g., monitoring of vital signs, dressing changes, glucose monitoring)? (e.g., colostomy care, ostomy care, catheter care, tube feedings, rehabilitation therapy). □ NO If YES, please describe: Sample Sample 7. Does the individual require a modified diet or have other special nutritional or dietary needs? ☐ YES □ NO If YES, please describe: ☐ YES 8. Does the individual have the ability to communicate their choices or have a designee who can communicate their choices for them? □ NO



MEDICATION	Dosage	Administration Route	Frequency
l.			
2.			
3.			
1.			
5.			
7.			
Patient's ability to take medical Can self-administration Needs reminding Needs supervision Needs help with Needs administration Needs administration	preparation	nple	
Special instructions or other	comments on medications:		

Describe the individual's current medical/physical condition, including any relevant history and diagnoses as indicated by the CHA or from other requested medical records. List all documentation besides the CHA that was reviewed when evaluating the individual's condition. a) Cite primary and secondary diagnoses from medical records and source of records: b) Activities that require personal care, including assistance with bathing, toileting, dressing, eating or mobility: 11. Is the individual's condition stable ☐ YES □ NO A stable medical condition shall be defined as follows: (a) the condition is not expected to exhibit sudden deterioration or improvement; and (b) the condition does not require frequent medical or nursing judgment to determine changes in the individual's Plan of Care; and (c) (1) the condition is such that a physically disabled individual is in need of routine supportive assistance and does not need skilled professional care in the home; or (2) the condition is such that a physically disabled or frail elderly individual does not need professional care but does require assistance in the home to prevent a health or safety crisis from developing.





Initial Assessments – Variance Process



Initial Assessments – Variance Process

MMCO Completes POC MMCOs are required to use the NYIA Initial Assessment CHA outcome and PO issued by the NYIA in the development of an individual's Plan of Care.

- MMC/HARP/SNP Plans must begin Plan of Care development when their enrollees contact them to initiate services.
- MLTC Plans must begin Plan of Care development when an individual contacts or is referred to an MLTC Plan – seeking enrollment.



Initial Assessments – Variance Process

During the POC development process, the MMCO could identify information in the NYIA CHA that MAY be inaccurate.

There are two types of inaccuracies that could be identified in a CHA:

- Factual variances are inaccuracies or missing documentation related to an individual's identifying information or health history.
- Clinical variances are differences related to the Nurse Assessor's clinical judgment of how the individual presented at the time the CHA was completed.

Note: A CHA might have both factual and clinical variances. Both types of variances are material, and may require correction, when they affect the scope, amount or duration of services in an individual's plan of care.



Initial Assessments – NYIA Variance Process

Factual Inaccuracies:

- Identification information
- Section A: Intake and history
- Section K: Medications and allergies

CHA Clinical Variances:

- Section B: Cognition
- Section C: Communication & vision
- Section D: Mood and Behavior
- Section E: Psychosocial Well-Being
- Section F: Functional Status
- Section G: Continence
- Section H: Disease diagnosis
- Section I: Health condition
- Section J: Nutritional status
- Section L: Treatments and procedures
- Section M: Social Supports



Examples of Clinical and Factual Variances

	Factual Inaccuracies	Clinical Variances
arrang alone.	CHA in Section A – Living ement indicates that Fred lives Fred actually lives with a son and ter-in-law.	Fred did not have any cognitive or memory issues noted in the NYIA CHA; however, when the MMCO met with Fred to discuss the plan of care the cognition screening was failed, Fred believed that Eisenhower was President and talked about seeing the Brooklyn Dodgers play a game last week.
Sectio	akes an aspirin daily. However, n K of the CHA indicates that Dolly not take any medications.	Dolly's NYIA CHA indicated the ability to get around the apartment independently. However, when the MMCO met with Dolly to discuss the plan of care, assistance is needed to get out of a chair and Dolly was not steady when walking across the room.



Initial Assessments – NYIA Variance Process and the POC Development Process

Factual Inaccuracies:

- A Factual Inaccuracy is material when it will affect the development of the Plan of care for an individual.
- Fred's living situation may impact the number of hours of personal care needed if Fred is willing to accept, and the daughter-in-law is willing to provide, some assistance.
- Dolly takes aspirin daily, and the POC should reflect accurate medications.
- The MMCO is responsible for submitting to NYIA for review and, if warranted, correction.

CHA Clinical Variances:

- An appropriate POC cannot be developed based on a clinically inaccurate CHA. The MMCO must submit the CHA Variance Form, document the inaccuracy and provide a clinical rationale for its finding.
- CHA Clinical Variance requires a new CHA to be conducted within 10 days of receipt of the form.
- The new CHA replaces the old CHA in the UAS-NY. A new PO is not required.
- The MMCO must use the new CHA in the POC development process.



MMCO Responsibilities CHA Variance

- When submitting a CHA Variance request for clinical inaccuracies to the NYIA, the MMCO
 must also inform the individual that a new CHA may be conducted because of this request.
- The MMCO should tell the member that findings on their recent CHA do not align with what they're observing, and a new CHA may be necessary to ensure their services meet their needs.
- The MMCO must inform the individual that they can decide not to have a new CHA conducted.
- NYIA will review the CHA Variance Form and materials submitted by the MMCO and if they agree that there is a clinical variance will schedule a new CHA by both telephoning the member and sending a notice explaining the need for another CHA.
- The CHA Variance process does not change the amount of time an MMCO has to develop a plan of care, authorize and initiate services. If the individual refuses the new CHA, the MMCO proceeds with the POC development, ensuring it is appropriate to the member's needs.



Initial Assessments – NYIA Variance Process – MMCO Role

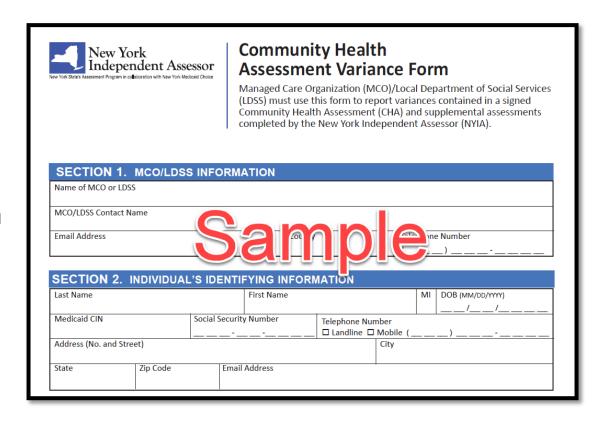
To initiate a Variance review, the MMCO must submit a Variance Review package to NYIA via a secure URL within 5 days.

- The Variance Review package must include the following:
 - A completed Community Health Assessment Variance Form,
 - A written statement on their letterhead, and
 - Additional supporting documentation, as applicable.
- The MMCO may call the NYIA Operational Staff Unit (OSU) at 855-665-6942 with questions about the status of the request.

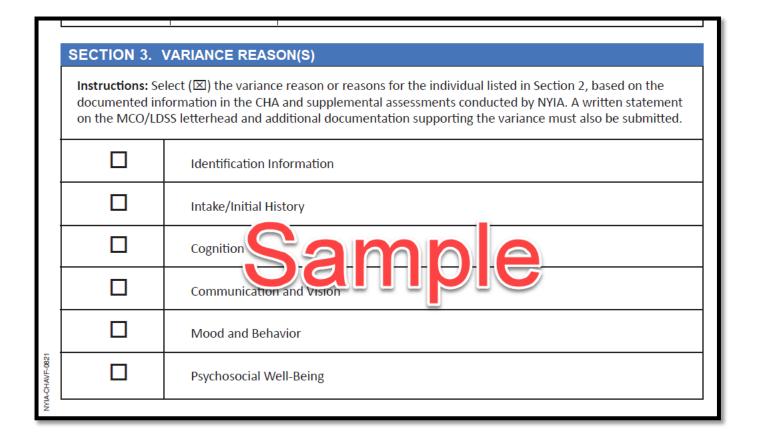


The Community Health Assessment Variance Form contains the following sections and fields:

- MMCO/LDSS Information
- Individual's Identifying Information
- Variance Reason(s)
- MMCO/LDSS Signature









SECTION 3.	VARIANCE REASON(S) (Continued)
	Functional Status
	Continence
	Disease Diagnoses
	Health Conditions
	Oral and Nutritional Status
	Medications Silen
	Treatments and Procedures
	Social Supports
	Environmental Assessment
	Skin Conditions
	Responsibility
	Mental Health Service History



		Mental State Indicators				
		Substance Use				
		Harm to Self and Others				
		Stress and Trailing Sold Control Contr				
<u> </u>		Social Relations				
	SECTION 4.	MCO/LDSS SIGNATURE				
	MCO/LDSS Representative Name (Please print)					
	Signature	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)				
2		/				



When NYIA receives the Variance form, the OSU unit will review the form to ensure it is complete.

- If the form is not complete, NYIA will return the form to the MMCO.
- If the form is complete, then it is sent for review to the NYIA Clinical Quality Assurance Department by a Qualified Assurance Nurse Specialist (QANS).



- Each variance package (form and supporting documentation) is assigned to a QAN for first level review.
- The QAN reviews the variance package and reviews the CHA.
 - If additional information is needed to complete the review, they will coordinate with OSU to request the MMCO to submit the necessary documentation.
 - The MMCO will have 10 business days to submit the additional information needed. If the requested information is not received within 10 business days, the variance review will be cancelled, and OSU will notify the MMCO by phone.



- Once the QAN has all the documentation needed to complete their review, they
 notify the Clinical QA Department leadership of their recommendation.
- The Clinical QA Department leadership will review the recommendation within two business days of a complete CHA Variance Form and supporting documentation. It will approve the recommendation or request the QAN to review/revise their recommendation.
- The QAN will notify the MMCO of the determination by secure email sent through MOVEit.



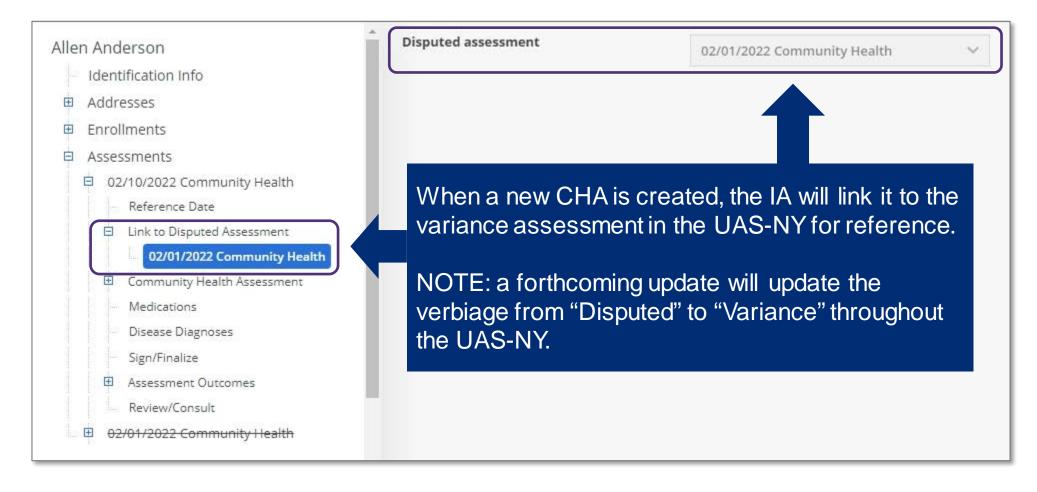
The Clinical QA Department's determination will be one of the following:

- The CHA is correct. There are no clinical or factual inaccuracies based on the information supplied by the MMCO. No updates will be made to CHA.
- The CHA is incorrect and:
 - Factual inaccuracies were determined. The NYIA Nurse Assessor will modify the information in the CHA to correct the affected information. This will not impact the original Initial Assessment outcome.
 - Clinical inaccuracies were determined. A new assessment will be scheduled for the individual with a different Nurse Assessor and a new CHA will be submitted to UAS-NY.
 - Factual and Clinical accuracies were determined. A new assessment will be scheduled for the individual with a different Nurse Assessor and a new CHA will be conducted.

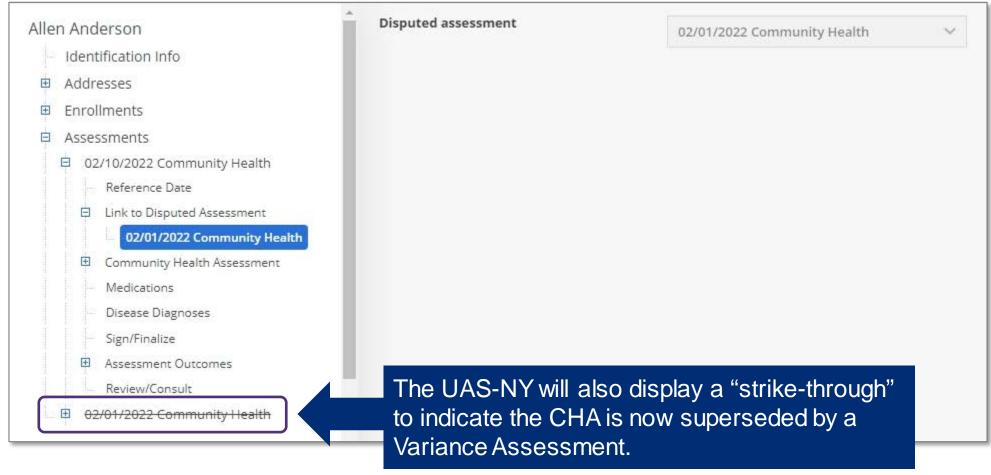


- If it is determined that a new assessment is needed, OSU will collaborate with the individual to schedule a new assessment to be completed within four calendar days of the variance review and a new CHA will replace the previous CHA in UAS-NY.
- After the new CHA has been completed, the individual will receive a new written notification with an outcome based on the new assessment.









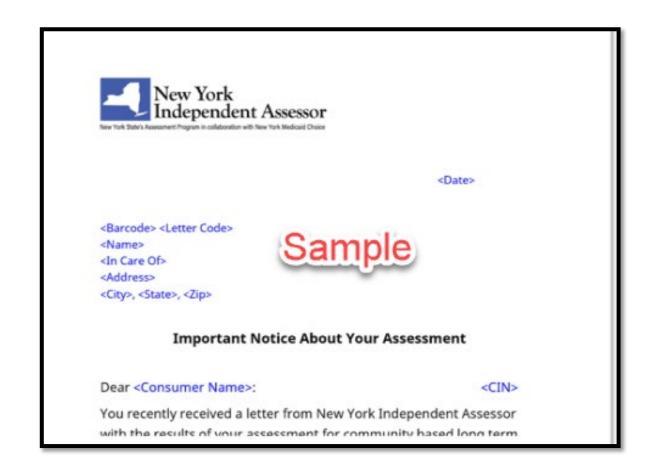


CHA Variance Review Process – Consumer Notice

If the Clinical QA Department determined that there were **clinical inaccuracies** on the CHA, NYIA will send a notice to the individual.

The NYIA Initial Assessment Case Overturned Notice includes the following sections:

- Introduction
- What Happens Next (will only appear in the Clinical Variance notice)
- Questions? Call Us
- Independent Consumer Advocacy Network (ICAN)





CHA Variance Review Process – Consumer Notice

Important Notice About Your Assessment

Dear <Member Name>:

You recently received a letter from New York Independent Assessor with the results of your assessment for community based long term care services and supports (CBLTSS).

We want to let you know that your Plan or Local Department of Social Services (LDSS) provided Sample't your health care needs. They also reques assessment.

What happens next:

- One of our counselors will contact you to schedule a new assessment.
- Once the new assessment is completed, you will receive a letter from New York Independent Assessor letting you know the results of this assessment.
- Your Plan or LDSS will contact you to discuss any changes to your plan of care.>

A notice based on a determination that there are **Clinical** inaccuracies will contain the introduction and a "What happens next section." The notice will explain that:

- The individual's MMCO submitted additional information to NYIA and has requested a new assessment to be completed.
- NYIA will be contacting them to schedule the new assessment.
- At the completion of the new assessment, they will receive a new Initial Assessment Outcome notice.



CHA Variance Review Process – Consumer Notice

Questions? Call Us.

If you have any questions about this letter, please call us. You can call us at 1-855-222-8350 (TTV: 1-888-329-1541). We can help you in any language.

Thank you,

New York Independent Assessor

- All NYIA Initial Assessment notices include the "Questions? Call Us." language.
- NYIA is responsible for answering any questions regarding the outcome notices and providing the referrals to the correct entity, including MLTC Plan options.



Outcome Notices- Clinical Variance

Information about The Independent Consumer Advocacy Network

The Independent Consumer Advocacy Network (ICAN) is the ombudsman program for health plan members. ICAN can answer your questions and give you free, independent advice about your coverage, complaint, and appeal options. To learn more about ICAN, go to www.icannys.org, or call 1-844-614-8800. TTY: 711. All services are free.



Information about The Independent Consumer Advocacy Network will be included in all NYIA Initial Assessment Outcome Notices.



MMCO Notification of Outcome

- The QAN who conducted the initial review of the CHA will notify the MMCO of the results of the variance review within two business days of CHA Variance Report being submitted by the MMCO.
- The MMCO will be notified by secure email through MOVEit.
- In addition to the secure email notification provided by the QAN, the MMCO will receive notification of the outcome on the existing file, "Involuntary Disenrollments, Plan Enrollment Denial and Dispute status."



CHA Variance Individual Scenario



Scenario

MMCO Completes POC

MMCO Actions

- Fred is a member of a Mainstream plan who had a CHA finalized in UAS-NY on Tuesday.
- The MMCO reviewed the CHA results on Thursday to begin development of POC.
- The MMCO determined that there were both factual and clinical variances in the CHA.
- The MMCO submits the Community Health Assessment Variance Form, with supporting documentation to NYIA. This includes Fred's current list of medications, a copy of Fred's most recent neurological evaluation, and any other information that would support a variance Review.



Scenario

NYIA Actions

- NYIA received Fred's variance package from the MMCO on Friday via a secure URL.
- OSU reviews the submission and assigns a QAN to review the documentation on Monday.
- On Monday, the Clinical QA Department determines that there were no factual variances, but there
 were clinical variances.
- The QAN notifies the MMCO of the outcome, including the fact that a new assessment will be scheduled.
- OSU contacts Fred by phone to schedule a new assessment; Fred also receives a letter from NYIA explaining the need to conduct a new assessment.
- Fred receives an outcome notice from NYIA by mail once the new assessment is conducted.

Note: The MMCO reviews the new CHA and finalizes POC.



CHA Variance - Summary



CHA Variance - Summary

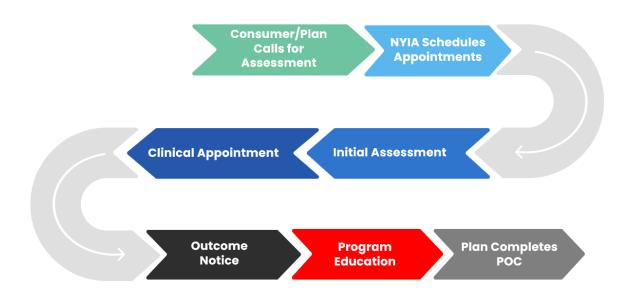
- The CHA Variance Form must be submitted within 5 days after MMCO review of the CHA/PO. If all necessary information is submitted, the Clinical QA Department will decide within two business days.
- The variance review outcomes may include:
 - There were no material factual or clinical variances.
 - There were factual variances that resulted in the CHA being updated with no change to the original outcome.
 - There were clinical variances that resulted in a new assessment being scheduled with a different Nurse Assessor.
- The MMCO must review the results of the new CHA to finalize the plan of care once a material variance has been identified and a review commenced.
- The CHA Variance Process does not change the amount of time the MMCO has to review the CHA/PO, develop a plan of care in consultation with the member and any representatives they choose, authorize and commence services.



Initial Assessment: Plan of Care Development – Independent Review Panel



MMCO - Initial Assessment Process Overview



The MMCOs are responsible for reviewing the results of the Initial Assessment and Clinical Appointment as part of the POC development process.



MMCO Completes POC

- If the Plan of Care developed constitutes a new high needs case, the MMCO must submit the Plan of Care for review by the Independent Review Panel.
- The MMCO must submit the IRP Review Form within one business day of developing a proposed POC that calls for more than 12 hours per day, on average, of PCS and/or CDPAS.
- High need care level review: Upon NYIA implementation, <u>new</u> authorizations of PCS/CDPAS for more than 12 hours per day, on average, require a second medical review by NYIA's Independent Review Panel.
- Regulations define the high need threshold as more than 12 hours a day, on average (e.g., more than 360 hours in a 30-day month, or more than 84 hours in a 7-day week).



An IRP review is required if:

- The individual is newly determined to require more than 12 hours a day, on average, of PCS/CDPAS; or
- an individual was previously receiving more than 12 hours day on average, followed by a period of time where their services were authorized for less than 12 hours per day, on average, and then at a later date needs a new authorizations for high need level of care.



An IRP review is **not** required if:

- The individual is already in receipt of more than 12 hours a day, on average, of PCS/CDPAS;
- an individual has had an IRP review and authorized services are maintained at more than 12 hours a day, on average, through subsequent proposed POCs, regardless of whether proposed by the LDSS or a managed care plan; and/or
- an individual's authorized hours are more than 12 per day, on average, and are increased to include additional hours (e.g., from 16 hours to 24 hours).



- Second medical review for NEW high need cases;
- At least two clinicians will review, at a minimum, the CHA, PO and Plan of Care;
- Panel may interview other providers or caregivers, and examine individual, if needed;
- Question to panel is whether the plan of care is reasonable and appropriate to maintain the member's health and safety at home;
- IRP Review results in a recommendation;
- Recommendation may suggest additional, alternative, or fewer services, but may not specify number of hours;
- Lead physician signs the recommendation;
- MMCO must consider the recommendation prior to authorizing services.



Temporary Plan of Care

- MMCOs should enroll members prior to submitting a proposed POC to the IRP for review.
- When timing requires that services are authorized prior to completion of the IRP review and issuance of its recommendation, the MMCO may temporarily authorize services for 12 hours or less, per day, on average.
- If the recommendation calls for fewer hours or a higher level of care (institutional) than the proposed Plan of Care and the plan agrees, Fair Hearing language would accompany the denial, reduction or discontinuance notice.
- Otherwise, the plan would commence the services recommended or augmented in the proposed Plan of Care after reviewing the IRP recommendation.



IRP Review Process – MMCO

To submit an IRP review request, the MMCO must complete an Independent Review Panel Request Form and submit it to NYIA via a secure URL.

The MMCO may call the NYIA Independent Practitioner Panel Operational Support Unit (IPP OSU) at 844-444-6942 to verify if the form was received. The IRP Request form contains the following sections and fields:

- Individual's Identifying Information
- Referring MMCO Information
- POC Details
- MCO Attestation



IRP Request Form



ractitioner's Order (1	,				
	//				
	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)				
	//				
()	//				
	///				
	//				
	//				
comply with the indi	ividual's Plan of Care review				
MCO/LDSS					



Independent Review Panel (IRP) – NYIA

- The IRP will review the individual's CHA, PO and POC, and may evaluate other records, speak with the individual's primary care practitioner or other providers, or examine the individual.
- The IRP will then develop a recommendation as to whether the proposed POC is reasonable and appropriate to maintain the individual's health and safety at home.
- The IRP recommendation to the MMCO may include suggested changes in scope, type, amount, or duration of services but cannot specify a recommended number of hours.



IRP Process – NYIA

- Upon receipt of the IRP Request Form, the IPP OSU staff will review the submitted information and assign the IRP review request to a "Lead Physician". The Lead Physician and all practitioners on the IRP must be
 - available to complete the process over the next six calendar days.
 - must not have been involved in the Clinical Appointment (CA) process; and
 - must not have a provider-patient relationship with the individual.
- If a physician is not available to serve as Lead Physician for any of the reasons above, an alternate
 physician will be assigned to lead the panel.
- The Lead Physician will review the information submitted and will select at least one additional practitioner to participate in the IRP review request. The IRP review request will be completed within six calendar days of acceptance of the request by the Lead Physician.
- The IRP will review the following information:
 - The CHA and PO in the UAS-NY application
 - The POC and any supporting documentation submitted by the MMCO



IRP Process, continued – NYIA

Before making a recommendation, the IRP may determine that they:

- Need to conduct an interview (referred to as an evaluation) of the individual
- Need additional information from the MMCO and/or the individual's physician(s)

If the IRP determines they need additional information, or if they determine the need to evaluate the individual (subject to the availability of the individual and the Lead Physician), IPP OSU will coordinate these requests with the MMCO. If the consultation or documentation is not received by the 4th day after the Lead Physician accepted the request for an IRP, NYIA will continue to review the information that it is on file, and make a recommendation based on the information available.



IRP Recommendation

After the IRP has completed their review, the Lead Physician will complete the "Independent Review Panel Report and Recommendation Form for High Needs Cases".

The IRP's recommendations may:

- agree with the recommendations in the individual's POC or
- suggest modifications to the individual's POC, which may include additional, alternative, or fewer services.

The IRP may not suggest or recommend specific hours of service. The IRP recommendation will be completed within six calendar days.

The IRP Recommendation Form will be uploaded to the UAS-NY application.

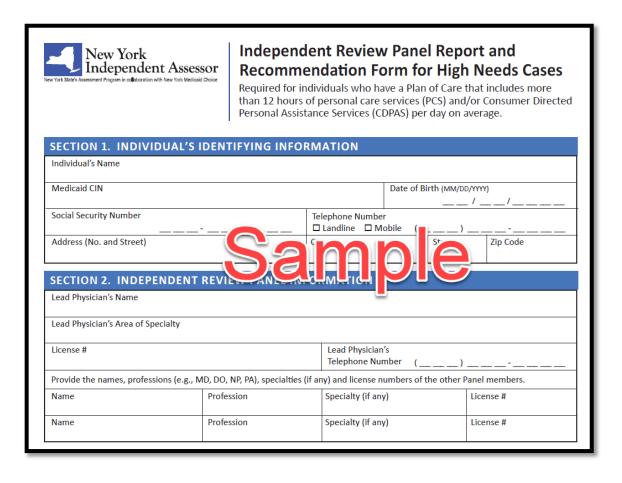


IRP Recommendation

This IRP Recommendation Form contains the following Sections:

- Individual's Identifying Information
- Independent Review Panel Information
- Referring MMCO Information
- Required Record Review
- Information on Additional Review
- Panel's Recommendation
- Lead Physician's Certification

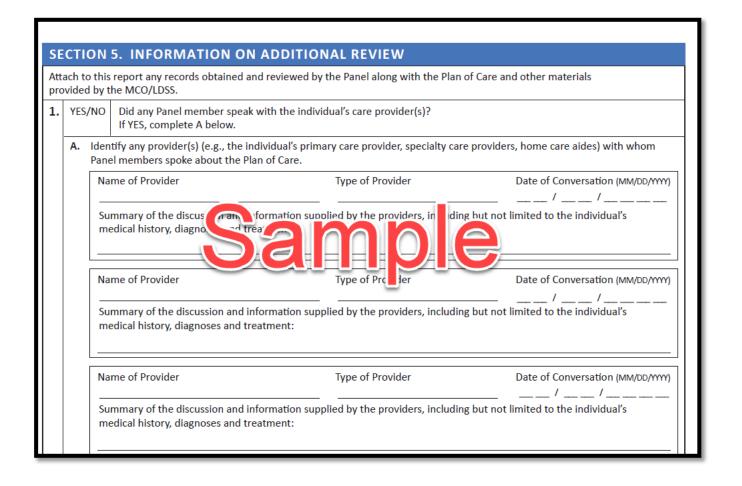






SECTION 3. REFERRING MCO/LDSS INFORMATION							
Name of Managed Care Organization (MCO) or Local Department of Social Services (LDSS) referring the individual's Plan of Care to the Independent Review Panel							
MCO/LDSS Contact Name							
Со	ntact Email Address Contact Telephone Number						
SE	SECTION 4. REQUIRED FOR REVIEWED to the individual's most out to the latest that the latest to the second of the s						
1.	Reviewed the individual's most in the property on average (e.g., 360 hou for 37 a for Date of the most recent Plan of Care (MM/DD/YYYY)						
	Date of the most recent fail of care (wild) popular						
	YES/NO Did the Plan of Care recommend more than 12 hours of PCS and/or CDPAS per day on average over the term of the Plan of Care? (If YES, continue; if NO, stop)						
2.	Reviewed individual's most recent Practitioner's Order						
	Date of Practitioner's Order (MM/DD/YYYY)						
3.	Reviewed Individual's most recent Community Health Assessment (CHA) from the Uniform Assessment System (UAS-NY)						
	Date of the most recent CHA (MM/DD/YYYY) / /						





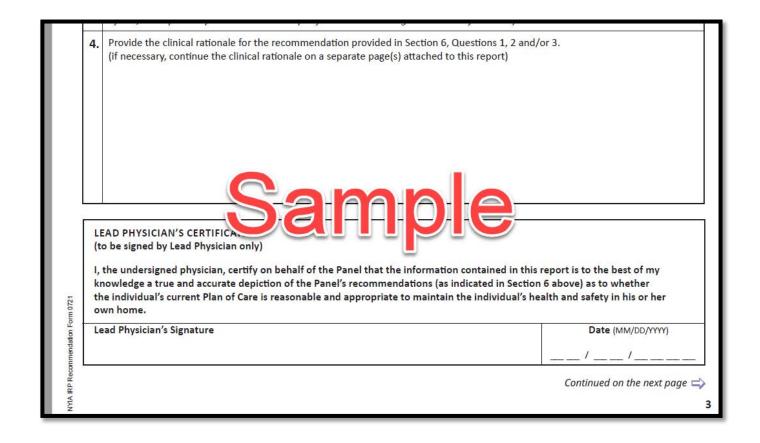


2.	YES/NO Did any Panel member(s) meet with the individual? If YES, complete A, B and C below.					
	A. Identify the Panel member(s) and the date the meeting occurred.					
	Name(s)			Date (MM/DD/YYYY): / / /		
	B. Meeti	ng modality/location:				
	[Teleconference				
	l	Video In person				
	Locati	on of individual during mastic	ng:	_		
	☐ Individual's home ☐ Caregiver's home ☐ Hospital ☐ Nursing home ☐ Other (specify):					
	Name, relationship to the individual and telephone number of other people present at the time of the meeting to support the individual					
	Name		Relationship	Telephone Number		
				()		
				(
	C. Summarize the information gathered from the meeting with the individual that was relevant to the Panel's recommendation.					



SECTION 6. PANEL'S RECOMMENDATION Based on the thorough review of the individual's most recent independent medical professional evaluation, Plan of Care, CHA and any other relevant medical records and meetings with the individual and/or the individual's provider(s), the Panel makes the following recommendation: 1. Is the individual's Plan of Care reasonable and appropriate to maintain the individual's safety in their own home? If YES, continue to Question 4; if NO, continue to Question 2. 2. If the answer to Question 1 is NO, would modifications to the Plan of Care, including the level, frequency and duration of services facilitate the provision of medically necessary care in their own home? (if necessary, continue the recommendation on a separate page(s) attached to this report) (Note: This report may suggest changes to the level, frequency and duration of services, or suggest alternative services; however, by law, the report may not recommend a specific amount or change in amount of services.)

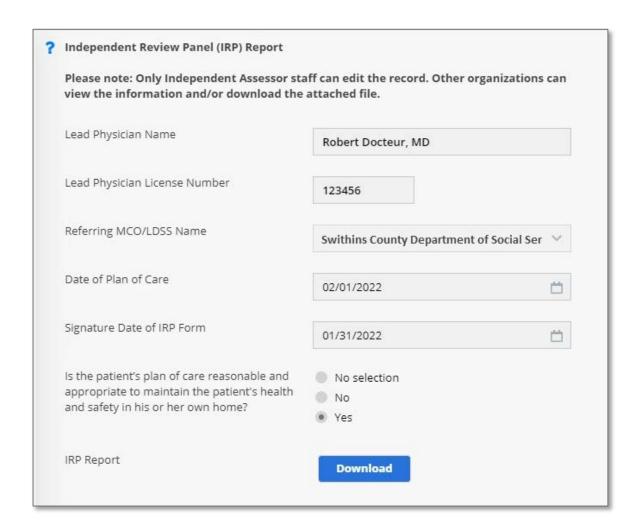






IRP Outcomes

- The requesting MMCO will have access to the IRP recommendation in the UAS-NY.
- If the MMCO participates in the UAS-NY Data Exchange, the IRP information will be sent in the nightly feed.





Individual Scenarios



Scenario 1 – IRP Recommends POC As Written

- Two years ago, Fred received 14 hours of PCS a day.
- Fred now receives 8 hours per day of PCS.
- Due to a change in circumstances, Fred's CHA indicates a need for 14 hours per day of PCS again.
- Fred's MMCO develops a plan of care that calls for a live-in aide to address these more significant needs.
- The MMCO submits Fred's POC with the IRP review form and supporting documents from the neurologist and MD to NYIA through the secure URL.
- The IRP reviews the submitted documents and recommends that planned services are appropriate and reasonable to maintain Fred's health and safety in the home.
- MMCO reviews the recommendation and finalizes the plan of care with services authorized.



Scenario 2 – IRP Recommends Alternative or Additional Services

- Dolly is new to the MMCO and services and requires PCS. The MMCO develops a plan of care that includes two half-days of social adult day care and 87 hours of PCS each week.
- The MMCO submits the POC and supporting documentation to the NYIA IRP through a secure URL.
- The IRP reviews the POC and discusses Dolly's diagnoses with the primary care physician.
- The IRP recommendation suggests substituting more SADC for additional PCS to address the loneliness Dolly feels having moved away from friends and routine and ensure safety during her long days alone in the home.



Scenario 2 – continued

- The MMCO reviews the recommendation and decides to increase SADC to 3 full days a week, for a reduced need for PCS.
- Dolly rejects the revised Plan of Care; Dolly does not want three full days of SADC and decides to see if another MMCO would offer more PCS hours.
- When the other MMCO develops a Plan of Care based on the NYIA CHA and PO, they also review the IRP recommendation in the UAS-NY case file. They discuss the recommendation with Dolly and develop a plan of care that is acceptable.
- Dolly withdraws from the first MMCO if services have not commenced and transitions to the new MMCO.
- Alternatively, if services were authorized temporarily pending the outcome of the IRP review, Dolly may voluntarily disenroll in the grace period to join an MMCO that offers the preferred plan of care.



IRP - Summary



IRP - Summary

- MMCOs should not submit an IRP Review Package unless they have enrolled or plan to enroll the individual.
- The MMCO should submit an Independent Review Panel Request Form within one business day of completing a POC that requires this second medical review.
- The IRP will make their recommendation within six calendar days.
- The MMCO will access the IRP review request results through UAS-NY.
- If any authorizing entity (MMCO or LDSS) submits a new case to the IRP, that recommendation, which remains with the member's record in the UAS-NY, can be used by any subsequent authorizer during the POC development process provided the individual remains authorized for services at more than 12 hours, on average. Subsequent MMCOs should check the UAS-NY for an IRP recommendation prior to POC development and consider the recommendation as it relates to their own POC.



Resources



Resources

- Final Regulations can be found at:
 - Personal Care Services 505.14
 - Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services 505.28
- DOH/NYIA will be scheduling additional webinars and trainings with MMCO front-line staff in January, February and March 2022. Information on trainings will be posted on the DOH's NYIA website at:
 - https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign/nyia/
- Questions can be sent to <u>independent.assessor@health.ny.gov</u>



Questions and Answers

Process Overview for NYIA Initial Assessments Practitioner Order, Independent Review Panel and CHA Variance Process for Medicaid Managed Care Organizations



