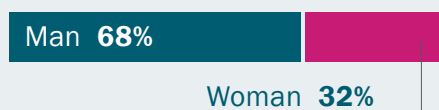


Tuberculosis

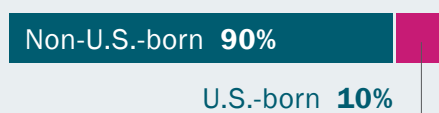
New York City, 2024

TB cases by patient gender¹:



1. People for whom gender identity was listed as nonbinary (1) are excluded from this figure.

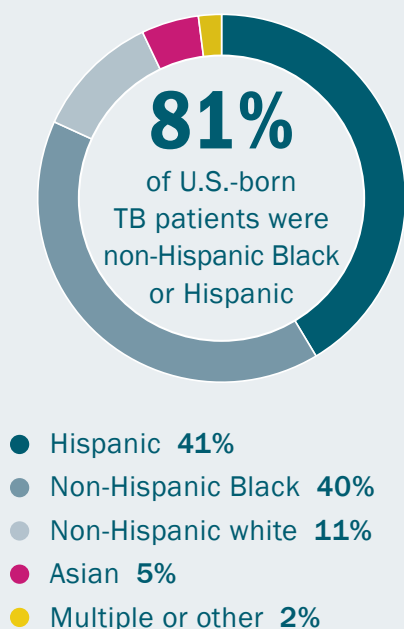
TB cases by birth in the U.S.²:



67 | Number of countries of birth among people with TB

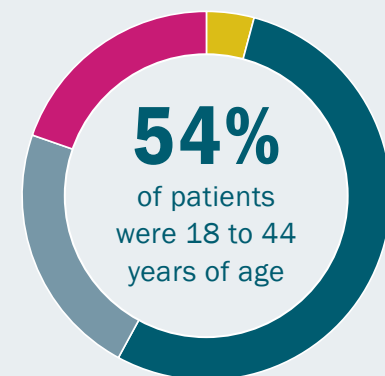
12 | Average number of years in the U.S. among non-U.S.-born people at time of TB diagnosis

Race and ethnicity among people born in the U.S.²:



2. U.S.-born includes people born in the U.S. and U.S. territories.

TB cases by patient age group in years:



- Birth to 17 years 4%
- 18 to 44 years 54%
- 45 to 64 years 22%
- 65 years and older 20%

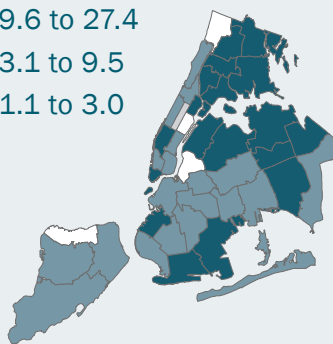
13 | Number of people diagnosed with a multidrug-resistant TB³ strain

3. Defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin.



TB rates by neighborhood⁴:

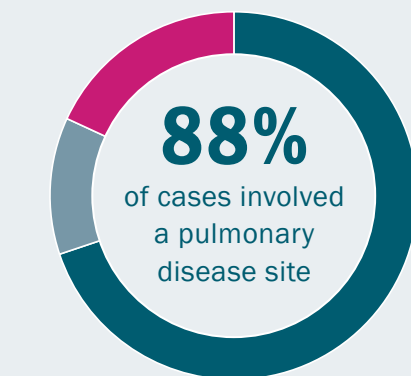
- 9.6 to 27.4
- 3.1 to 9.5
- 1.1 to 3.0



18 | Number of NYC neighborhoods with a rate higher than the citywide rate

4. Defined by the United Hospital Fund. Rates are per 100,000 people and are based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data.

TB cases by pulmonary involvement:



- Pulmonary disease only 70%
- Extrapulmonary disease only 12%
- Both pulmonary and extrapulmonary disease 18%



Tuberculosis is a socially complex disease that disproportionately impacts marginalized communities due to structural inequities and disinvestment.

The NYC Health Department performs a range of TB services and activities in collaboration with local health care providers, community partners, and others. Health Department TB services are provided free of charge to **all patients**, regardless of immigration status, insurance status, or ability to pay.

839 | Number of TB cases confirmed

9.5 | TB rate per 100,000 people

24% increase
from 2023 to 2024

